

Instructions: Write down in note book.  
If you have any doubt, ask me.

## TENSE STRUCTURES

### 1. Simple Present Tense / Present Indefinite Tense

S-1 Subject + V1 / V5 + Object

If the subject is third person, singular number, V5 is used. In the rest cases V1 is used.

Examples: He/she/Armit plays chess.

I/we/they/you/Armit and Sumit play chess.

In the <sup>first</sup> sentence, He, She, Armit are third person, singular number. So, V5 (eg. plays) has been used.

In the second sentence, V1 is used because the subject (eg- I, we, they, you, Armit and Sumit) is not third person, singular number.

S-2 Negative Sentence  
Subject + do / does + not + V1 + Object

If the subject is third person, singular number, 'does' is used. In the rest cases 'do' is used.

Examples: He/she/Armit does not play chess.

I/we/they/you/Armit and Sumit do not play chess.

S-3 Interrogative sentence

Do / does + Subject + V1 + Object (?)

Examples: Does he/she/Armit play chess?

Do I/we/they/you/Armit and Sumit play chess?

S-4 Negative-interrogative sentence

Do / does + S + not + V1 + Object (?)

Examples: Does he/she/Armit not play chess?

Do I/we/they/you/Armit and Sumit not play chess?

### 2. Present Continuous Tense / Present Imperfect Tense

S-5: Subject + IS / are / am + V4 + Object

Examples: He/she/Armit is playing chess.

we/they/you/Armit and Sumit are playing chess.

## 2. PRESENT CONTINUOUS TENSE

Negative Sentence:  $[\text{Subject} + \text{is/are/am} + \text{not} + V^4 + \text{Object}]$

Examples: He/she/Armit is not playing chess.  
We/they/you/Armit and Sumit are not playing chess.

Interrogative Sentence:

$[\text{Is/are/am} + \text{Subject} + V^4 + \text{Object} (?) ]$

Examples: Is he/she/Armit playing chess?  
Are they/we/you/Armit and Sumit playing chess?

Negative Interrogative Sentence:

$[\text{Is/are/am} + \text{Subject} + \text{not} + V^4 + \text{Object} (?) ]$

Examples: Is he/she/Armit not playing chess?  
Are they/we/you not playing chess?

## 3. PRESENT PERFECT TENSE

$[\text{Subject} + \text{has/have} + V^3 + \text{Object}]$

Note: [It is the subject is third person singular number - 'Has' is used. In rest cases - 'Have' is used.]

Examples: He/she/Armit has played chess.  
We/they/you have played chess.

Negative Sentence:  $[\text{Subject} + \text{has/have} + \text{not} + V^3 + \text{Ob}]$

Examples: He/she/Armit has not played chess.  
We/they/you/Armit and Sumit have not played chess.

Interrogative Sentence:

$[\text{Has/have} + \text{subject} + V^3 + \text{Object} (?) ]$

Examples: Has he/she/Armit played chess?  
Have you/they/we played chess?

Negative Interrogative Sentence:

$[\text{Has/have} + \text{subject} + \text{not} + V^3 + \text{Object} (?) ]$

Examples: Has he/she/Armit not played chess?  
Have you/they/we not played chess?